Nofima

A HIGH DENSITY GENETIC LINKAGE MAP FOR RAINBOW TROUT (*Onchorynchus mykiss*) CONTAINING 47,839 SNPs

Matthew Baranski, Yniv Palti, Thomas Moen, Harald Grove, Guangtu Gao, Sigbjørn Lien, Sixin Liu, Caird Rexroad III.





57K SNP array in Rainbow trout

DataSheet



Axiom[®] Trout Genotyping Array

A high-density genotyping array for high-resolution genetics research and aquaculture breeding in rainbow trout





SNP sources and validation rate

Category	DH RADs	Re-Seq	Other	Total*
Total SNPs on the Array	30,032 (52%)	39,159 (68%)	10,964 (19%)	57,501 (100%)
Call Rate <97%	999	1,366	434	2,130
No Minor Homozygotes	526	1,369	459	1,942
Off Target Variant	139	291	73	415
Other	1,084	1,889	615	2,892
Monomorphic High Resolution	223	420	118	654
Polymorphic High Resolution	27,061 (90%)	33,824 (86%)	9,265 (84%)	49,468 (86%)

* Overlap between sources. ~40% of the SNPs were discovered by two sources

* Palti et al. 2015, Molecular Ecology Resources E-Published



Linkage map utility

- Mapping recombination over chromosomes
- Mapping QTLs
 - Broad/narrow chromosome regions
- Facilitates genomic selection based on linkage
- Valuable tool for assembling genome sequences
 - 'Glue' together' scaffolds and contigs





Aim

- To prduce a high-density SNP based linkage map in Rainbow trout
 - Map QTLs for important commercial traits (IPN)
 - Improve reference genome(s)



Methods – Linkage analysis

- 57K Affymetrix Rainbow trout SNP array
- 2,464 samples from 56 full-sib families genotyped
 - 46 commercial Norwegian
 - 10 experimental USDA



- 57K SNPs and nearly 2500 animals = software issues
- After trial and error, Lep-MAP was able to handle this dataset
- Worked with the developer to optimise the software
 - Including running multi-threaded
- Steps: Data filtering, twopoint analysis, marker ordering



Results – linkage map

- A total of 47,839 SNPs were mapped to 29 linkage groups
 - average of 1,650 SNPs per group
 - 754 to 2,934 SNPs per group
 - Total distances covered by the male and female maps were 2,214 cM and 4,248 cM, respectively
- In all 13 chromosomes known to have homeologous pairing with at least one other chromosome arm, the female/male recombination ratios were >2.0
- In non-duplicated chromosomes the female/male recombination ratio ranged from 1.0 to 2.0
 - with the exception of chromosomes Omy15 and Omy21



	Chr	# of SNPs	Chr	# of SNPs			
	Chr01	2174	Chr16	1915			
	Chr02	2051	Chr17	1773			
	Chr03	1871	Chr18	1438			
	Chr04	2263	Chr19	1354			
	Chr05	2934	Chr20	1205			
	Chr06	2048	Chr21	1095			
	Chr07	1950	Chr22	1314			
	Chr08	2146	Chr23	1262			
	Chr09	1701	Chr24	1019			
	Chr10	1809	Chr25	2010			
	Chr11	2051	Chr26	754			
	Chr12	2095	Chr27	1114			
	Chr13	916	Chr28	1150			
	Chr14	1912	Chr29	997			
	Chr15	1518					



Rainbow trout genome(s)





Atlantic salmon vs rainbow trout comparative mapping



Atlantic salmon vs rainbow trout comparative mapping



- 1) break erroneous trout scaffolds
- 2) orders and orients trout scaffolds
- 3) compare trout linkage map with salmonized SNP-order
- 4) use linkage map to correct trout chromosome sequences
- 5) build comparative map by aligning Atlantic salmon and rainbow trout chromosome sequences





ssa21 vs omy22

ssa21



omy01





omy08





Conclusions

- We mapped nearly 50,000 SNPs to 29 linkage groups
- Map has been used to identify major QTL for IPN resistance
- This map is being integrated together with the salmon and trout genomes
 - SNPs physically ordered on the trout chromosomes
- Misassemblies in published trout scaffolds were identified
- Chromosomal rearrangements between salmon/trout were identified
- Integrated maps/genomes will be of great value for 'applied' use
 - More direct transition of QTL/GWAS results to candidate genes and polymorphisms



Funding Sources









National Research Initiative Animal Genome Program



